

# Communication on the proposed Long Term Strategy, 25 pages

https://ec.europa.eu/clima/sites/clima/files/docs/pages/com\_ 2018\_733\_en.pdf

## In depth analysis supporting the Communication, Long Term Strategy, 393 pages

https://ec.europa.eu/clima/sites/clima/files/docs/pages/com\_ 2018\_733\_analysis\_in\_support\_en\_0.pdf





# **Our Vision for a Clean Planet by**

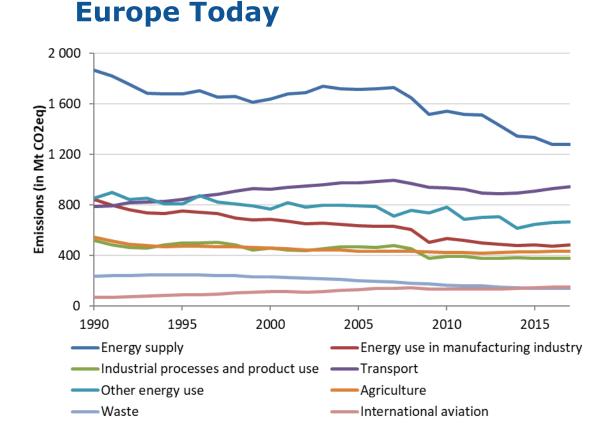
- The Paris Agreement, requires to reduce GHG emissions, with the objective to hold global temperature increase to well below 2°C and to pursue efforts to limit it to 1.5°C
- The IPCC report confirms that limiting climate change to 1.5°C is necessary to avoid these worst impacts. Climate change undermines security and prosperity in the broadest sense.
- For Europe, limiting temperature increase well below 2°C means 80% emissions reduction by 2050 compared to 1990.
- For Europe to lead the world in climate action, it means achieving net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050.
- The Long Term Strategy shows that transforming our economy is possible and beneficial. It also highlights the challenges of the transformation, but the status quo is not an option.







- The EU is about to • achieve its 2020 targets
- Targets for 2030 • are agreed in EU law
- Business as usual means -45% GHG emissions in 2030 (vs. 1990)
- Without increasing ambition: -60% emissions in 2050







# **Scenarios for Europe in 2050**

- Scenarios are used for projection about demand and supply of energy (including land use) → compliant with Paris targets
- 8 scenarios analyse different technology pathways (high electrification, high energy efficiency, circular economy, etc.)
- Different levels of ambition: -80% emissions and net-zero by 2050 plus a Baseline (business as usual)





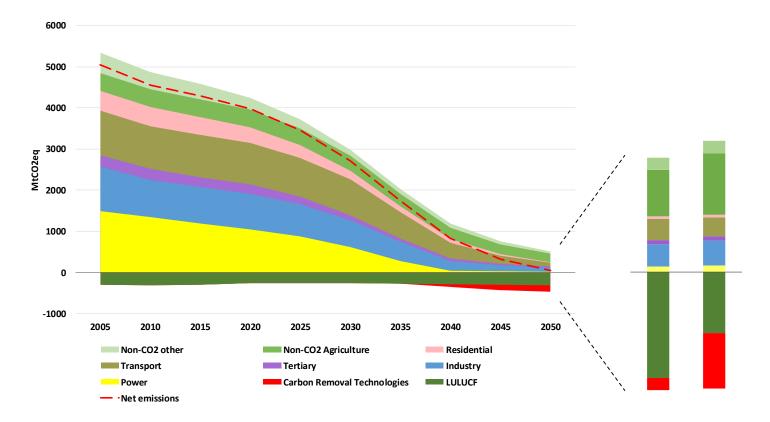
### **Analysed scenarios in line with Paris Agreement**

Long Term Strategy Options								
	Electrification (ELEC)	Hydrogen (H2)	Power-to-X (P2X)	Energy Efficiency (EE)	Circular Economy (CIRC)	Combination (COMBO)	1.5°C Technical (1.5TECH)	1.5°C Sustainable Lifestyles (1.5LIFE)
Main Drivers	Electrification in all sectors	Hydrogen in industry, transport and buildings	E-fuels in industry, transport and buildings	Pursuing deep energy efficiency in all sectors	Increased resource and material efficiency	Cost-efficient combination of options from 2°C scenarios	Based on COMBO with more BECCS, CCS	Based on COMBO and CIRC with lifestyle changes
GHG target in 2050	-80% GHG (excluding sinks) ["well below 2°C" ambition]					-90% GHG (incl. sinks)	-100% GHG (incl. sinks) ["1.5℃" ambition]	
Major Common Assumptions	<ul> <li>Higher energy efficiency post 2030</li> <li>Deployment of sustainable, advanced biofuels</li> <li>Moderate circular economy measures</li> <li>Digitilisation</li> <li>Market coordination for infrastructure deployment</li> <li>BECCS present only post-2050 in 2°C scenarios</li> <li>Significant learning by doing for low carbon technologies</li> <li>Significant improvements in the efficiency of the transport system.</li> </ul>							
Power sector	Power is nearly decarbonised by 2050. Strong penetration of RES facilitated by system optimization (demand-side response, storage, interconnections, role of prosumers). Nuclear still plays a role in the power sector and CCS deployment faces limitations.							
Industry	Electrification of processes	Use of H2 in targeted applications	Use of e-gas in targeted applications	Reducing energy demand via Energy Efficiency	Higher recycling rates, material substitution, circular measures	Combination of most Cost- efficient options from "well below 2°C" scenarios with targeted application (excluding CIRC)	COMBO but stronger	CIRC+COMBO but stronger
Buildings	Increased deployment of heat pumps	Deployment of H2 for heating	Deployment of e-gas for heating	Increased renovation rates and depth	Sustainable buildings			CIRC+COMBO but stronger
Transport sector	Faster electrification for all transport modes	H2 deployment for HDVs and some for LDVs	E-fuels deployment for all modes	<ul> <li>Increased modal shift</li> <li>Electrification as in ELEC</li> </ul>	Mobility as a service			<ul> <li>CIRC+COMBO but stronger</li> <li>Alternatives to air travel</li> </ul>
Other Drivers		H2 in gas distribution grid	E-gas in gas distribution grid				Limited enhancement natural sink	<ul> <li>Dietary changes</li> <li>Enhancement natural sink</li> </ul>



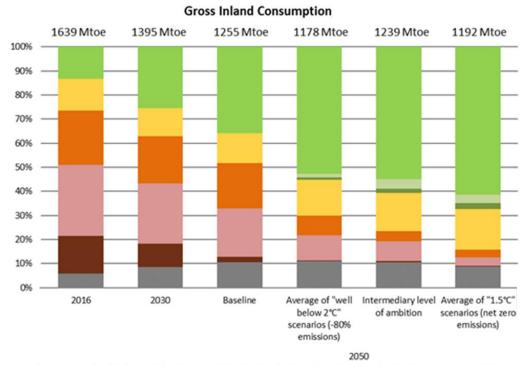
### All sectors have to contribute

#### GHG emissions trajectory in a 1.5°C scenario





### **Renewable energy supply in 2050**

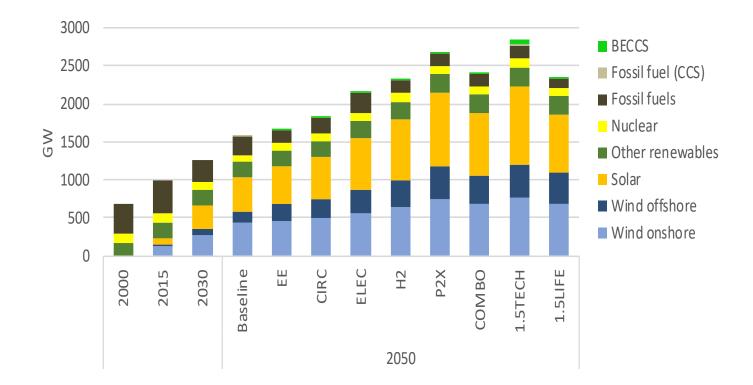


🖩 non-energy fossil fuels use 🛢 solids 📑 fossil liquids 📕 natural gas 📮 nuclear 🔳 e-liquids 🗏 e-gas 📕 renewables





## **Power generation capacity in 2050**



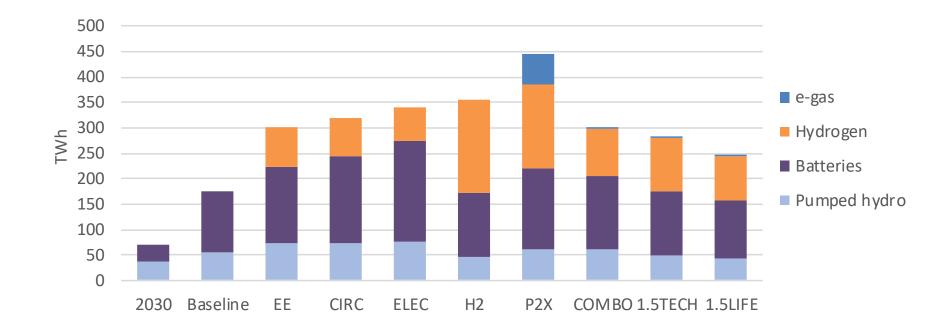


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### **Electricity stored in 2050**







# **Storage capacity in 2050**

